APPENDIX B IN-DEPTH INTERVIEW GUIDELINES

STUDY OF DRIVING AND INHIBITING FACTORS IMPLEMENTATION OF POLICIES TO ACCELERATE REDUCTION OF STUNTING PREVALENCE THROUGH SPECIFIC NUTRITION INTERVENTIONS IN BENGKULU PROVINCE

INFORMANT:

Α.	INFORMANT IDENTITY	:	
		:	(vear)
	Last formal education	:	(
	Job/Department	:	

Thank you for agreeing to participate in this interview. This research aims to examine the driving and inhibiting factors for implementing policies to accelerate the reduction of stunting prevalence through specific nutritional interventions in Bengkulu Province. All information you provide will be kept confidential and used for research purposes only. Do you agree to continue this interview?

The results of the 2022 Indonesian Nutritional Status Survey show that the prevalence of stunting in Kepahyang Regency is among the highest in Bengkulu Province. We will ask about 11 specific nutritional intervention indicators for Kepahyang Regency.

No	Indicator	Question
1	Anemia screening	Is this intervention being implemented?
		Does the coverage hit the target?
	Target:?	If achieved, what are the supporting factors?
		If it has not been achieved, what are the inhibiting factors?
	Achievements :?	What obstacles are faced in implementing anemia screening
		interventions?
2	Consumption of blood supplement tablets (TTD) in young women Target:? Achievements :?	Is this intervention being implemented?
		Does the coverage hit the target?
		If achieved, what are the supporting factors?
		If it has not been achieved, what are the inhibiting factors?
		What obstacles are faced in implementing interventions for the
		consumption of blood supplement tablets (TTD) for young women?
3	Pregnancy examination (ANC) (This pregnancy examination intervention is carried out at least 6 times in health facilities)	Is this intervention being implemented?
		Does the coverage hit the target?
		If achieved, what are the supporting factors?
		If it has not been achieved, what are the inhibiting factors?
		What obstacles are faced in implementing interventions for consuming
	Target:?	blood supplement tablets (TTD) for young women?
4	Achievements :?	Le this is taganting hair a ing langer to dO
4	Consume tablets to	Is this intervention being implemented?
	increase blood pressure	Does the coverage hit the target?
	for pregnant women	If achieved, what are the supporting factors?
	Target:? Achievements :?	If it has not been achieved, what are the inhibiting factors?
		What obstacles are faced in implementing interventions for consuming
_		blood supplement tablets for pregnant women?
5	Supplemental food for pregnant women with	Is this intervention being implemented?
		Does the coverage hit the target?
	chronic energy deficiency	If achieved, what are the supporting factors?
	(KEK) Target:?	If it has not been achieved, what are the inhibiting factors?
	Achievements :?	What obstacles are faced in implementing interventions for providing
		additional food for pregnant women with chronic energy deficiency
		(CED)

No	Indicator	Question
6	Monitoring toddler growth	Is this intervention being implemented?
	Target:?	Does the coverage hit the target?
	Achievements :?	If achieved, what are the supporting factors?
		If it has not been achieved, what are the inhibiting factors?
		What obstacles are faced in implementing the toddler growth
		monitoring intervention?
7	Exclusive breastfeeding	Is this intervention being implemented?
	for 6 months	Does the coverage hit the target?
	Target:?	If achieved, what are the supporting factors?
	Achievements :?	If it has not been achieved, what are the inhibiting factors?
		What obstacles are faced in implementing the 6 month exclusive
		breastfeeding intervention?
8	Providing	Is this intervention being implemented?
	COMPLEMENTARY	Does the coverage hit the target?
	FEEDING (MP-ASI) rich in	If achieved, what are the supporting factors?
	animal protein for children	If it has not been achieved, what are the inhibiting factors?
	aged 6-23 months	What obstacles are faced in implementing the intervention of providing
	Target:?	Complementary Feeding (MP-ASI) rich in animal protein for children
	Achievements :?	aged 6-23 months?
9	Management of Toddlers	Is this intervention being implemented?
	with nutritional problems	Does the coverage hit the target?
	Target:?	If achieved, what are the supporting factors?
	Achievements :?	If it has not been achieved, what are the inhibiting factors?
		What obstacles are faced in implementing interventions for the
		Management of Toddlers with nutritional problems?
10	Increasing coverage and	Is this intervention being implemented?
	expanding immunization	Does the coverage hit the target?
	Target:?	If achieved, what are the supporting factors?
	Achievements:?	If it has not been achieved, what are the inhibiting factors?
		What obstacles are faced in implementing interventions to increase
		coverage and expand immunization?
11	Education of teenage	Is this intervention being implemented?
	pregnant women and their	Does the coverage hit the target?
	families including	If achieved, what are the supporting factors?
	triggering free open	If it has not been achieved, what are the inhibiting factors?
	defecation (BABS)	What obstacles are faced in implementing educational interventions
	Target:?	for teenagers, pregnant women and their families, including triggering
	Achievements:?	free open defecation (BABS)?

EVALUATION OF THE EFFECTIVENESS OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE ACCELERATED POLICY TO REDUCE THE PREVALENCE OF STUNTING (PPS) IN ACHIEVE SPECIFIC NUTRITION INTERVENTION INDICATORS IN KEPAHYANG DISTRICT

- What is your role in implementing the policy to reduce stunting prevalence in Kepahyang Regency? Since when were you involved in this program?
- We will ask about the implementation of policies to reduce stunting prevalence in Kepahyang Regency

Variable	Question
Policy standards and targets	What are the standards for success in implementing policies to
	accelerate stunting prevalence reduction (PPS) in achieving specific
	nutritional intervention indicators?
	Who is the target of this policy?
Resource	Are human resources at the District Health Service? Are Kepahyang
	and UPTD in accordance with government policies/regulations?
	What is the employee's readiness and competence in implementing
	these government regulations?
	What is the condition of human resources and physical resources at
	the District Health Service? Kepahyang and UPTD?
Inter-organizational relationships	Who are the stakeholders involved in implementing policies to
	accelerate the reduction of stunting prevalence (PPS) in achieving
	specific nutritional intervention indicators?
	Is coordination working as intended?
Characteristics of implementing	Are the policy implementers (UPTD) suitable for implementing these
agents	government regulations?
	What is the supervision of the implementation of policies to
	accelerate the reduction of stunting prevalence (PPS) in achieving
	specific nutritional intervention indicators at the District Health
	Service? Kepahyang and UPTD?
Social, political and economic	Do social, political and economic conditions influence the
conditions	implementation of policies to accelerate the reduction of stunting
	prevalence (PPS) in achieving specific nutritional intervention
	indicators?
	What is the public's response to the implementation of policies to
	accelerate the reduction of stunting prevalence (PPS) in achieving
	specific nutritional intervention indicators?
The tendencies/dispositions of	How do implementers respond to this policy?
the implementers	Does the Implementor have good knowledge and understanding of
	the aspects and objectives of the policy?
	How consistent is the implementor's attitude in implementing the
	policy?

Driving Factors

- 1. What are the main factors that drive the success of stunting reduction policies in Kepahyang Regency?
- 2. In your opinion, what is the role of the community in supporting stunting reduction policies? **Inhibiting Factors**
- 3. What are the obstacles faced in implementing this policy at the field level?
- 4. What can be done to overcome these challenges?

Stakeholder Involvement

- 5. How do you assess the role of local governments, non-governmental organizations and the community in stunting reduction programs?
- 6. What forms of cooperation can increase the effectiveness of this policy?

Thank you very much for your contribution to this discussion. If there is any additional information or suggestions you would like to share after this session, please do not hesitate to contact us. We really appreciate the time and thought you put into it."