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Author Guidelines

Ovozoa: Journal of Animal Reproduction is a journal that contains scientific articles on animal reproduction and animal reproductive biotechnology published by the Department of Veterinary Reproduction of Airlangga University together with the Association of the Indonesian Veterinary Reproduction Department (ADERVI) 3 times per year on April, August and December. Ovozoa received manuscripts in the form of original research articles, review articles and case reports in Indonesian and English. Manuscripts received must be original, current and have never been published or are being planned to be published in other scientific journals.

Manuscripts must be submitted online through the Open Journal System (OJS) in Word format. The entire text is typed in Times New Roman 12pt double spaced, using line numbers. The title is written with a Sentence case capitalization (bold, 14pt, centered). The full length of the manuscripts is a maximum of 15 pages of A4 paper with a top margin of 2.2 cm, other margins of 2 cm, and consecutive page numbers. Italicize only for species names or terms that have not been standardized as Indonesian. Define a80reviations upon first appearance in the text. Do not use non-standard a80reviations unless they appear at least three times in the text. Keep a80reviations to a minimum. Avoid unnecessary duplication of text.

The first page contains titles in Indonesian and English, followed by full names of all authors without titles and initials (bold, centered), followed by the name and complete address of the respective institution (marked with numeric superscripts) and e-mail of corresponding authors (marked with *superscript).

The second page forward contain **ABSTRACT** in English and Indonesian, followed by **INTRODUCTION**, **MATERIALS AND METHODS**, **RESULTS**, **DISCUSSION**, **CONCLUSIONS**, **APPROVAL OF ETHICAL COMMISSION**, **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS** and **REFERENCES**.

Title should be concise but informative, as far as possible in no more than 12 words.

Abstract written in Indonesian and English, do not exceed 250 words, containing elements of background, material and methods, results and conclusions.

Keywords maximum of 6 (six) words or phrases, written after the abstract in each languages, alphabetically ordered. As far as possible avoid using keywords from the title.

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Method must be concise but sufficiently detailed (with reference or modification) so research can be repeated by other researchers.

Results are displayed in a concise but clear narrative with/without tables or figures.

Tables are made without vertical lines (use only lines at the top and bottom of the table as well as for separating heading from the main table), with table title placed before the table, numbered in Arabic numerals (**Table X**), and have to be referred in the text. The description of the table is placed after the table; it must be concise but clear enough so that the table separately can be understood without referring to the text. The table along with the title and description are placed after the References.

Figures presented are only those that support the findings of the study, and not restatement of data from tables in the form of figures. When resulted data in the form of figure is more informative, interesting or significant, presentation of data in table form is not required. Figure title is placed after the figure, numbered in Arabic numerals (**Figure Y**), and have to be referred in the text. The description of the figure is

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Discussion contains explanation of what are found related to **the importance of your study** and how it may be able to answer the research question, comparison of findings (internally, between research data, and externally, compared with findings from other studies) and cause-effect analysis.

Conclusion does not only repeat the results of the study, but summarize the findings into a narrative that impacts on the development of science and/or practitioners in the field of veterinary reproduction.

Approval of Ethical Commission have to be stated (number and institution) if the manuscript is constructed based on a research using live animals.

Acknowledgements are delivered to the research funders (state the name, number and recipient name of the grant, if applicable), and to those who have helped carry out the research.

Authors' Contribution should be state based on The International Committee of Medical Journal Editors (ICMJE) <u>https://www.icmje.org/recommendations/browse/roles-and-</u> responsibilities/defining-the-role-of-authors-and-contributors.html

Funding Information should be **state** the source and contract number of funding for the study.

Conflict of interests should be state and uploaded the competing interests/conflict of interests certificate if applicable.

References are sorted alphabetically based on the author's last name. The *titles* of *journals* should be *a80reviated* according to the style *used* by each journal. Thirty (30)% of the references have to be from publications in the past 10 years.

<u>Journals</u>

Nakamura K, Kusama K, Ideta A, Imakawa K, Hori M. 2020. IFNTindependent Effects of Intrauterine Extracellular Vesicles (EVs) in Cattle. Reproduction 159: 503-11.

Windeyer MC, Gamsjager L. 2019. Vaccinating Calves in the Face of Maternal Antibodies:

Challenges and Opportunities. Review Vet Clin North Am Food Anim Pract. 35: 557-73.

Books

Gordon I. 2003. Laboratory Production of Cattle Embryos. 2nd Ed. CABI Publishing. UK

Chapter in books

Parkinson TJ, Vermunt Jos J, Noakes DE. 2019. Maternal Dystocia: Causes and Treatment. In: Noakes DE, Parkinson TJ, England GCW (Ed). Veterinary Reproduction and Obstetrics. 10th Ed. Elsevier, UK. 236-49.

Thesis/Dissertation

Utama S. 2012. Monitoring and Assessment of Nuclear Transfer Pregnancies using Maternal

Pregnancy Recognition Proteins. PhD. Thesis. Monash University. Melbourne, Australia.

Internet

Akhir N. 2020. Title of article from the internet. <u>http://www.link</u>. access date.

Review article

Ovazoa received review articles on topics included in the scope of the journal which are of current interest. Reviews are invited by the editor. The review must be a comprehensive analysis and perspective on the

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PEER REVIEW PROCESS

Manuscript reviews for publications in the Ovozoa: Journal of Animal Reproduction (hereinafter referred to as Ovozoa) are carried out by peer reviewers in a double-blind review. The chief editor handles all correspondence with the corresponding author and the reviewer, and leads the final decision on whether the manuscript is recommended to be accepted, rejected, or needs to be returned to the corresponding author for revision. The corresponding author will automatically receive a confirmation email after successfully submitting the manuscript through OJS.

The chief editor and editors will evaluate the manuscripts submitted at the prequalification stage based on the format suitability and substance qualifications. If there is a format discrepancy, the manuscript will be sent back to the corresponding author to be rewritten under the Ovozoa format. However, if there is a discrepancy in substance qualifications (not included in Ovozoa focus and scope), the manuscript is rejected without further review. The decision will change the status of the manuscript in the OJS. The chief editor will notify the corresponding author about the decision.

Manuscripts that pass the prequalification will be evaluated by two or three reviewers determined by the chief editor and editors. The chief editor will send the manuscript to reviewers via OJS. The reviewers answer whether they would like to review the manuscript directly via OJS. The reviewers check the manuscript based on predetermined criteria and returns it with recommendations to the chief editor via OJS. If one reviewer recommends being accepted and another reviewer recommends being rejected, then the chief editor will ask the third reviewer or three editors to decide on the acceptance or rejection of the manuscript.

The assessment results from the peer reviewers will be consolidated by two editors who match their expertise to make a decision.

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2. Accepted with minor revisions, or major revisions, or must be rewritten.

The decision to revise the manuscript will change the status of the manuscript in the OJS. Manuscripts that require revision will be returned to the corresponding author via email, and the corresponding author must resubmit the revised manuscript through the OJS within the specified time period. Next, the chief editor sends the revised manuscript from the corresponding author to the editors to check whether the manuscript has been revised according to the reviewers' suggestions. Editors provide recommendations to the chief editor that

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Manuscripts are rejected if based on consolidated comments it is concluded that

3.1. the corresponding author did not revise the manuscript as suggested by the reviewers and did not respond to the suggestion

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2. The review process by the peer reviewer is no more than 14 days

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